

European Cooperation and Collaboration to support Fire Investigation: the ENFIP Network and the EUFOFINET Project



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- Introduction to Northumberland and Northumberland Fire and Rescue Service (NFRS)
- 2. European Network for Fire Investigation and Prevention (ENFIP)
- European Forest Fire Networks Project (EUFOFINET) and the European Glossary for Wildfires and Forest Fires



1. Introduction to Northumberland and Northumberland Fire and Rescue Service





Summary Facts

- Northumberland Land area:
 5013 km²; population of 300,000
- 50% of population live in 5% of land area
- NFRS's Long Term Strategic Aim is to improve the social, economic and environmental well-being of residents
- Central to this is preventing fires and emergencies before they happen



Northumberland: A picturesque rural county...













PREVENT - PROTECT- RESPOND

| Community Safety (PREVENTING) | Legislative Fire Safety (PROTECTING) | Emergency Response (RESPONDING) |
|---|---|--|
| Home Risk Assessments Smoke Alarm Fitting Schools Education Programme Arson Task Force – Preventing and Investigating Arson Smoke Detector Installation Partnerships Crime and Disorder Reduction Partnerships (CDRPs) Road Traffic Collision Reduction Initiatives Youth Engagement Activities Vulnerable Adults | Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order Building Regulations Petroleum Licensing Licensing Applications Residential Care Home Inspections Inspection and Enforcement in Business and Commercial Premises | Fire Road Traffic Collisions Wildfire Chemical, Biological, Radiation and Nuclear Incidents Flooding Incidents Urban Search and Rescue Special Service Requests Emergency Call Handling (Control Room |

Initiatives



NFRS's Involvement in EU Projects

- The Fire Focus Project (Fire Investigation Training) 2012-2013. Cofinanced by Leonardo da Vinci.
- The EUFOFINET Project (good practice for wildfires) 2010-2012. Cofinanced by INTERREG IVC. (<u>www.eufofinet.eu</u>)
- The EVROS Project 2010 (flooding simulation exercise in Northern Greece). Co-financed by DG Environment.
- The ANSFR Project (accidental, natural and social fire risk) 2009-2010. Co-financed by DG Environment/DG ECHO (<u>www.fire-risk.eu</u>)
- The European Exchange of Best Practice in Arson Investigation and Prevention Project – 2007-2008. Co-financed by DG Environment (http://www.northumberland.gov.uk/default.aspx?page=1311)



2. The European Network for Fire Investigation and Prevention (ENFIP)





Brief History

ENFIP was created in 2007 under the original name of ENAP

The European Exchange of Best Practice in Arson Prevention and Investigation Project





European Commission Directorate-General for Environment Funding January 2007 to December 2008









PREVENTING PROTECTING RESPONDING Sweden Finland ີ່^{ຊື່}United Kingdom **Estonia** Denmark Latvia Netherlands Belgium Republic of Lithuanià⁻ Ireland **Poland** Germany Czech Rep. Slovak Republic Luxembourg Austria Hungary Legend **France** Romania **EU Member State Switzerland** Rep. of **EU Candidate Country** Bulgaria Italy Macedonia Non EU Member State/ **Spain** Portugal **Candidate Country** 40° **Turkey** Croatia / Malta Cyprus



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Fire Crime in Europe Conference 2008

15th and 16th Sept 2008 in Northumberland

18 speakers/presentations

3 workshop sessions led by 3 countries

174 delegates from 21 countries













Information sharing network for practitioners

Fire Investigation

Fire Prevention



ENFIP aims to:

- 1. Facilitate and stimulate international exchange of knowledge, information, experience and ideas.
- 2. Identify, inform and support good practice and good quality training material in fire investigation and fire prevention.



ENFIP also aims to:

- 3. Contribute to debates regarding the development and modification of fire investigation and fire prevention policy and legislative frameworks.
 - 4. Work with all stakeholders to improve mutual understanding, maintain effective working relationships and emphasise the benefits of international and inter-agency co-operation.





In summary, ENFIP:

- Facilitates
- Connects
- Signposts



Fire Investigation and Fire Prevention Practitioners



Membership:

620 members from 37 countries Worldwide

No fees. Free to join and leave at any time.

Informal network, coordinated through email.



On-going Activities:

Circulation of monthly information bulletins

Support for conferences/seminars/meetings – recruiting delegates from network

Receiving and forwarding requests for information

162 requests facilitated since 2007!



Do you want to become a member of ENFIP?

If so, please email:

Robert Stacey, Chair ENFIP Working Group: robert.stacey@northumberland.gcsx.gov.uk



and

Marco Dorresteijn, Vice Chair ENFIP Working Group: Marco.Dorresteijn@politieacademie.nl



3. The European Forest Fire Network Project (EUFOFINET) and the *European Glossary for Wildfires and Forest Fires*









EUFOFINET Project Summary

- Co-financing: INTERREG IVC Programme (ERDF)
- Duration: October 2010 December 2012
- Aim: to facilitate the transfer of good practice to improve national and regional policies for forest fire risk prevention and management





PARTNERS





































5 Themes of EUFOFINET

| No. | Name of Theme | Lead |
|-----|---|--|
| 1 | Wildfire Suppression Tactics | Northumberland Fire and Rescue Service (UK) |
| 2 | Prevention and Detection of Wildfires | Frederikssund-Halsnæs Fire and Rescue Service (DEN) and National Forest Center (SLO) |
| 3 | Cartography of Wildfire Risks and Hazards | CESAFOR (SPA) |
| 4 | Training and Simulation for Wildfire | ENTENTE (FRA) |
| 5 | Restoration of Land Burned by Wildfires | Office National des Forêts (FRA) |





Key Deliverables

- 1. 8 Technical Workshops
- 2. 5 Technical Guides (one per theme)
- 3. Final Conference for European stakeholders
- 4. EUFOFINET Action Plans
- 5. European Glossary for Wildfires and Forest Fires



Key Deliverables

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- 4. EUFOFINET Action Plans
- 5. European Glossary for Wildfires and Forest Fires



EUFOFINET Technical Workshops

« Sharing knowledge and expertise »





Workshop 1 – May 2011 Aix-en-Provence (FRA) "Restoration"









Workshop 2 - Sept 2011

Frederikssund (DK) "Prevention"







Workshop 3 - Nov 2011

Aix-en-Provence (FRA) "Training and Simulation"









Workshop 4 – Jan 2012 Athens (GRE) "Action Planning"

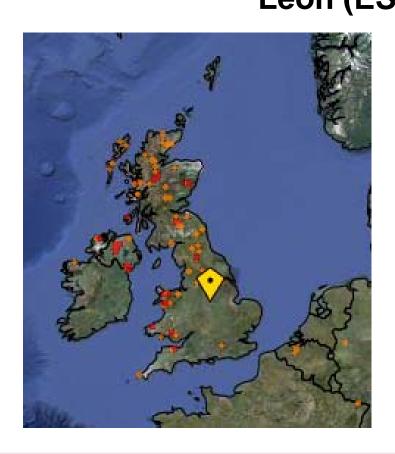








Workshop 5 - Feb 2012 Leon (ESP) "Cartography"









Workshop 6 - March 2012

Northumberland (UK) "Wildfire Suppression Tactics"











Workshop 7 - May 2012 Zvolen (SK) "Detection"









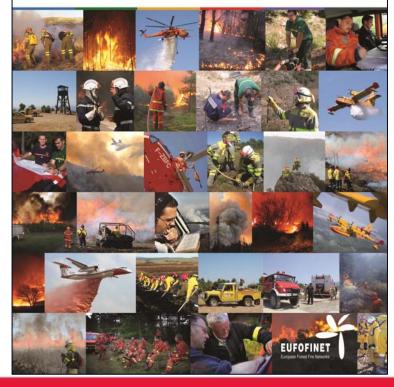
Workshop 8 - Oct 2012 Tuscany (ITA) "Action Planning"











European Glossary for Wildfires and Forest Fires



- Aim: To develop a single European glossary of terminology for wildfire suppression practitioners.
- Purpose: To improve cross-border collaboration, jointworking and exchange of best practice
- Collaborative work:
 - Written by NFRS
 - Contributions from:
 - All EUFOFINET partners contributed
 - 80+ external experts





Design process for the Glossary

- NFRS evaluated 16 existing glossaries from across the World
- Made 15 recommendations
- Designed to specifically address a gap:
 - Existing glossaries for researchers or foresters
 - Existing glossaries from outside EU written for different contexts – terminology and definitions do not always transfer

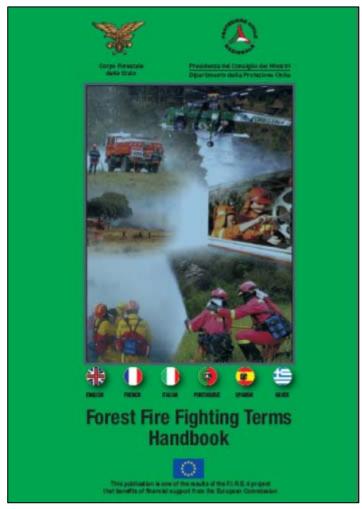




Layout Inspiration

- "Forest Fire Fighting Terms Handbook" (EU F.I.R.E. 4 Project)
- Includes terms translated into 6 languages
- No definitions but terms are accompanied by photographs/diagrams

http://www.protezionecivile.it/cms/vie
w.php?dir_pk=188&cms_pk=16469







Section 1 - Wildfire Environment

- 1. Fire Behaviour
- 2. Fuel
- 3. Topography
- 4. Weather







Section 2 - Wildfire Suppression Operations

- 5. Tactics
- 6. Safety
- 7. Incident Command
- 8. Aerial Operations
- 9. Equipment







Section 3 - Wildfire Preparation Prevention and Recovery

10. Training and Simulation

11. Prevention & Detection

12. Fire Investigation

13. Restoration







Chapter 14 – Fire Investigation

Fire Investigation: "The process of determining the origin, cause, and development of a fire." (NFPA 921)



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Chapter 14 - Fire Investigation

| Term | Definition | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| Accelerant | Material used to initiate or increase the spread of a fire. This will often be a ignitable liquid. | | |
| | | | |
| Access | A point of entry, exit and/or route to an incident location. | | |
| Advancing fire | This is fire progression associated with the head (front) of the fire. Fir bhaiviour in this area is usually characterized by more intense burning increased flame height and length and more rapid rates of spread. It w usually occur when a fire burns with the support of one or more forces or alignment (for instance, wind, slope, or aspect). Fire direction indicators in this area are generally large and very noticeable (i.e. macro indicators). 152 | | |
| Angle of char | The angle at which standing fuels (such as trees or fence poles) are burner. Angle of char is an indicator of the direction of fire spread. The angle that the fuel is burned will depend upon whether the fire burned with or without the support of one or more factors of alignment. The table below provides a summary of the characteristic angles of characteristic angles o | | |
| indicators | | | |
| | Direction | | Angle of Char |
| | fire sprea | | |
| | Upslope | Upslope | Greater than the angle of the slope. |
| | Downslope | e Upslope | Parallel to the angle of the slope. |
| | Downslope | Downslope | Greater on the downslope side of the fuel. |
| | Upslope | Downslope | Parallel to the angle of the slope, |
| | | | with some additional damage to the fuel on the upslope side. |
| | | | |
| | | | F. C. |
| Area of origin | | hical location within located. See also | n a fire perimeter where the point of ignition: |
| Area of origin | is believed to be | | |
| Area of origin | is believed to be • General | located. See also | |
| Area of origin | is believed to be • General | located. See also Area of Origin Area of Origin | |
| Area of origin | is believed to be General Specific Point of | located. See also Area of Origin Area of Origin Origin | |
| , and the second | is believed to be General Specific Point of The wilful or mali | located. See also Area of Origin Area of Origin Origin cious burning of a which a piece of ev | : fuel with criminal intent to cause damage.` vidence is proven to be genuine. |
| Arson Authentication of | is believed to be General Specific Point of The wilful or mali The process by v | located. See also Area of Origin Area of Origin Origin cious burning of a which a piece of evo | fuel with criminal intent to cause damage. vidence is proven to be genuine. plete actions and assignments at a wildfi |
| Arson Authentication of evidence | is believed to be General Specific Point of The wilful or mali The process by will The legal right to incident. Within | located. See also Area of Origin Area of Origin Origin clous burning of a which a piece of ev attend and com the context of fi | fuel with criminal intent to cause damage. vidence is proven to be genuine. Iplete actions and assignments at a wildfire investigation, it is the legal right of a |
| Arson Authentication of evidence | is believed to be General. Specific Point of The wilful or mail The process by v The legal right to incident. Within individual or organical control or the control of the | located. See also Area of Origin Area of Origin Origin Origin clous burning of a which a piece of ev or attend and com the context of fi inisation to investi | fuel with criminal intent to cause damage. vidence is proven to be genuine. Iplete actions and assignments at a wildfire investigation, it is the legal right of a |

^{***} This is an amendment from the definition of "advancing fire" provided within the National Wildfire Coordinating Group (2005) Wildfire Origin and Cause Determination Handbook (National Wildfire Coordinating Group Fire Investigation Working Team; USA) p.7.



Group Fre Investigation Working (easi) (SA), pr. 12 Based on information presented at http://www.interfire.org/features/wildfires2.asp and within NFPA (2011) NFPA 921 - Guide for Fire and Explosion Investigations (NFPA, Quincy, Massachusetts). Appreciation is also expressed to Prof. Vittorio Leone for his assistance in compiling this information.

***Arson* is a legal term and as such its precise definition varies between jurisdictions/countries.



Chapter 14 – Fire Investigation

Fire Investigation: "The process of determining the origin, cause, and development of a fire." (NFPA 921)



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103

- 12 pages
- 119 terms + definitions
- Includes terms related to:
 - Fire behaviour
 - Scientific method
 - Practical organisation
- Assistance from experts in:
 - Italy
 - France
 - Australia
 - USA

EUFDFINET



Electronic copy of Glossary publicly available for download:

http://www.northumberland.gov.uk/default.asp x?page=15546





4. Further Information about EUFOFINET

Newsletters:

http://eufofinet.eu/wp-content/uploads/2012/02/newsletter-n.11.pdf



